

Loma Negra Reports 3Q25 results

Buenos Aires, November 6, 2025 – Loma Negra, (NYSE: LOMA; BYMA: LOMA), ("Loma Negra" or the "Company"), the leading cement producer in Argentina, today announced results for the three-month period ended September 30, 2025 (our "3Q25 Results").

3Q25 Key Highlights

- Net sales revenues stood at Ps. 209,272 million (US\$ 154 million), and decreased by 12.1% YoY, mainly explained by a decrease of 13,2% in in the top line of the Cement segment.
- Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA reached Ps. 43,536 million, decreasing by 23.7% YoY in pesos, while in dollars it reached 36 million, down 35.1% from 3Q24.
- The Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA margin stood at 20.8%, decreasing by 315 basis points YoY from 24.0%.
- Net loss of Ps. 8,587 million, compared to a net profit of Ps. 27,871 million in the same period of the previous year, mainly driven by a higher loss in net financial results and a lower operating result.
- New Class 5 Corporate Bond issued in July for a total amount of US\$113 million, with a 2-year tenor and an 8% interest rate. Proceeds will be used to refinance upcoming maturities.
- Net Debt stood at Ps. 281,519 million (US\$206 million), representing a Net Debt/LTM Adjusted EBITDA ratio of 1.49x, compared to 0.89x in FY24.

The Company has presented certain financial figures, Table 1b and Table 11, in U.S. dollars and Pesos without giving effect to IAS 29. The Company has prepared all other financial information herein by applying IAS 29.

Commenting on the financial and operating performance for the third quarter of 2025, Sergio Faifman, Loma Negra's Chief Executive Officer, noted: "Despite the 6.1% GDP growth reported by INDEC for the first half of the year, the sector began to show signs of deceleration in the third quarter. Political uncertainty increased as the first test of the mid-term elections approached, and the results in the Province of Buenos Aires raised doubts about the sustainability of the government's program. The rise in interest rates and FX volatility also took a toll on activity levels.

In the context of overall macroeconomic instability, quarterly volumes declined by almost 1% year-over-year, despite industry dispatch volumes in September reaching their highest level in 22 months. Looking ahead, October volumes are also encouraging, with growth regaining strength and posting a 7.4% year-over-year expansion.

In terms of results, in this increasingly challenging environment, consolidated margins for the quarter stood at 20.8%. Third quarters are typically those with lower margins due to higher winter energy costs, but thanks to significant efforts we achieved an almost flat sequential margin variation.

Regarding our balance sheet, with the issuance of the Class 5 Bond in July for US\$113 million, we extended the average duration of our debt, placing the maturity profile in a very comfortable position, with a leverage ratio of 1.49x.

Finally, the recent results of the national mid-term elections seem to have eased political concerns, and we are optimistic that this will reduce volatility and have a positive effect on activity levels."

Table 1: Financial Highlights

	Three-months ended September 30,				-months e eptember 3	
	2025	2024	% Chg.	2025	2024	% Chg.
Net revenue	209,272	238,067	-12.1%	577,483	640,330	-9.8%
Gross Profit	36,261	53,723	-32.5%	122,438	158,859	-22.9%
Gross Profit margin	17.3%	22.6%	-524 bps	21.2%	24.8%	-361 bps
Adjusted EBITDA	43,536	57,024	-23.7%	126,751	159,042	-20.3%
Adjusted EBITDA Mg.	20.8%	24.0%	-315 bps	21.9%	24.8%	-289 bps
Net Profit (Loss)	(8,587)	27,871	n/a	15,693	160,396	-90.2%
Net Profit (Loss) attributable to owners of the Company	(8,468)	27,576	n/a	16,076	160,255	-90.0%
EPS	(14.5122)	47.2609	n/a	27.5526	274.6532	-90.0%
Average outstanding shares	583	583	0.0%	583	583	0.0%
Net Debt	281,519	226,475	24.3%	281,519	226,475	24.3%
Net Debt /LTM Adjusted EBITDA	1.49x	1.03x	0.45x	1.49x	1.03x	0.45x

Table 1b: Financial Highlights in Ps and in U.S. dollars (figures exclude the impact of IAS 29)

In million Ps.		Three-months ended September 30,			-months en eptember 30	
	2025	2024	% Chg.	2025	2024	% Chg.
Net revenue	205,185	174,172	17.8%	534,746	407,229	31.3%
Adjusted EBITDA	47,697	52,019	-8.3%	129,110	131,554	-1.9%
Adjusted EBITDA Mg.	23.2%	29.9%	-662 bps	24.1%	32.3%	-816 bps
Net Profit (Loss)	5,141	25,354	-79.7%	37,290	63,720	-41.5%
Net Debt	281,519	162,441	73.3%	281,519	162,441	73.3%
Net Debt /LTM Adjusted EBITDA	1.49x	1.03x	0.45x	1.49x	1.03x	0.45x

In million US\$		Three-months ended September 30,			-months en ptember 30	
	2025	2024	% Chg.	2025	2024	% Chg.
Ps./US\$, av	1,332.23	942.54	41.3%	1,183.18	888.82	33.1%
Ps./US\$, eop	1,366.58	970.92	40.8%	1,366.58	970.92	40.8%
Net revenue	154	185	-16.7%	452	458	-1.4%
Adjusted EBITDA	36	55	-35.1%	109	148	-26.3%
Net Profit (Loss)	4	27	-85.7%	32	72	-56.0%
Net Debt	206	167	23.1%	206	167	23.1%
Net Debt /LTM Adjusted EBITDA	1.49x	1.03x	0.45x	1.49x	1.03x	0.45x

Overview of Operations

Sales Volumes

Table 2: Sales Volumes²

		Three-months ended September 30,				onths ender 30	
		2025	2024	% Chg.	2025	2024	% Chg.
Cement, masonry & lime	MM Tn	1.37	1.44	-5.4%	3.73	3.59	3.8%
Concrete	MM m3	0.16	0.12	37.8%	0.39	0.29	35.6%
Railroad	MM Tn	1.12	1.08	3.9%	2.88	2.61	10.3%
Aggregates	MM Tn	0.31	0.24	26.3%	0.85	0.69	23.5%

² Sales volumes include inter-segment sales

Sales volumes of cement, masonry, and lime in 3Q25 decreased by 5.4% year over year (YoY) to 1.37 million tons, despite a 12.8% sequential increase. The recovery process slowed during the third quarter amid rising economic and political concerns and a more challenging basis of comparison.

Bulk cement dispatches continued to show strong momentum, supported by higher activity levels related to mining projects and public works, as well as increased industrial and road construction demand. Conversely, bagged cement dispatches were more affected by the economic slowdown and macroeconomic volatility, declining 11.8% during the quarter.

Concrete segment volumes increased by 37.8% year-over-year. Quarterly sales were primarily driven by private developments related to logistics infrastructure and residential construction, supported by higher activity in public infrastructure projects across the Buenos Aires metropolitan area and the province of Santa Fe. The Aggregates segment also posted strong growth, up 26.3% year-over-year, driven by sustained demand from road construction and railroad projects.

Railway segment volumes grew by 3.9% compared to the same quarter in 2024, driven by higher transportation of granitic aggregates, which offset declines in cement, gypsum, and chemicals. Gypsum and frac sand volumes were negatively affected by the disruption of the railway line connecting Bahía Blanca with Neuquén, caused by the storm that hit the area during the first half of the year.

Review of Financial Results

Table 3: Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

		Three-months ended September 30,			Nine-months ended September 30,		
	2025	2024	% Chg.	2025	2024	% Chg.	
Net revenue	209,272	238,067	-12.1%	577,483	640,330	-9.8%	
Cost of sales	(173,012)	(184,343)	-6.1%	(455,045)	(481,472)	-5.5%	
Gross profit	36,261	53,723	-32.5%	122,438	158,859	-22.9%	
Selling and administrative expenses	(19,282)	(21,830)	-11.7%	(60,448)	(63,823)	-5.3%	
Other gains and losses	1,212	1,579	-23.2%	3,446	2,408	43.1%	
Tax on debits and credits to bank accounts	(2,235)	(2,399)	-6.8%	(6,473)	(6,710)	-3.5%	
Finance gain (cost), net							
Gain on net monetary position	18,550	45,462	-59.2%	65,195	293,039	-77.8%	
Exchange rate differences	(29,811)	(12,609)	136.4%	(64,892)	(40,383)	60.7%	
Financial income	1,383	747	85.0%	2,586	1,521	70.0%	
Financial expense	(18,855)	(17,000)	10.9%	(39,303)	(86,162)	-54.4%	
Profit (Loss) before taxes	(12,777)	47,673	n/a	22,549	258,748	-91.3%	
Income tax expense							
Current	2,853	(17,988)	n/a	(10,259)	(68,383)	-85.0%	
Deferred	1,337	(1,814)	n/a	3,402	(29,970)	n/a	
Net profit (Loss)	(8,587)	27,871	n/a	15,693	160,396	-90.2%	

Net Revenues

Net revenue decreased 12.1% to Ps. 209,272 million in 3Q25, from Ps. 238,067 million in the comparable quarter last year, mainly due to the lower top line performance of the Cement business, followed by the rest of the segments.

The Cement, Masonry Cement, and Lime segment recorded a 13.2% year-over-year decline in revenues, mainly explained by a 5.4% decrease in volumes, which reflected a setback in the recovery trend observed in previous quarters, together with softer pricing conditions compared to the same period last year, despite a positive sequential performance. Bulk cement dispatches performed more strongly, maintaining the trend from the previous quarter, while bagged cement was affected by increased political uncertainty that weighed on activity levels.

Concrete revenue was flat for the quarter compared to 3Q24, with a volume expansion of 37.8% that compensated for the softer pricing dynamics in a highly competitive environment. The growth in volumes was supported by private developments related mainly to logistics infrastructure and residential construction, supported by higher activity in public infrastructure projects across the Buenos Aires metropolitan area and the province of Santa Fe.

In the same direction, revenue in the Aggregates segment also remained nearly flat, decreasing by just 0.4% year-over-year. Sales volumes rose by 26.3%, driven by higher activity in road construction and railroad projects. However, this positive effect was offset by weaker pricing dynamics in an increasingly competitive landscape. Additionally, the sales mix had a negative impact, as road construction projects primarily require fine aggregates, which command a lower average price.

Railroad revenues declined by 14.9% in 3Q25 compared to the same quarter of 2024, as higher transported volumes, up 3.9%, only partially offset softer pricing conditions. The disruption of the railway line in Bahía Blanca continues to affect longer-haul traffic—mainly grains, gypsum, and frac sand—reducing ton-kilometers transported and, consequently, revenue generation.

Cost of sales, and Gross profit

Cost of sales decreased by 6.1% year-over-year to Ps. 173,012 million in 3Q25, mainly reflecting lower sales volumes and improved unit costs in the Cement segment. Conversely, cost of sales was impacted by higher depreciation charges following the completion of the 25-kilogram bagging project.

In the Cement segment, lower maintenance expenses and improved energy input prices positively contributed to quarterly performance. Despite the seasonal effects typical of third quarters, the Company was able to offset most of the winter-related cost impact. Thermal energy contracts signed last year, which included year-over-year tariff reductions, together with short-term agreements linked to oil production at tariffs below US\$1/MMBTU, helped contain variable costs. On the electrical energy side, lower consumption helped offset higher electricity tariffs, as the Company continued to face the impact of increased transmission and distribution costs. Additionally, costs were affected by the start of dispatches under the new 25-kilogram bag format during the quarter.

Gross profit decreased by 32.5% in the third quarter, totaling Ps. 36,261 million compared to Ps. 53,723 million in 3Q24. Similarly, the gross profit margin contracted by 524 basis points year-over-year, reaching 17.3%.

Selling and Administrative Expenses

Selling and administrative expenses (SG&A) decreased by 11.7%, totaling Ps. 19,282 million in 3Q25, compared to Ps. 21,830 million in 3Q24. This decrease was mainly driven by lower freight and sales tax expenses due to reduced sales volumes, as well as a lower impact from salaries and professional consulting fees. As a percentage of sales, SG&A stood at 9.2%, remaining flat year-over-year.

Adjusted EBITDA & Margin

Table 4: Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation & Margin

(amounts expressed in millions of pesos, unless otherwise noted)

	Three-months ended September 30,			Nine-months ended September 30,		
	2025	2024	% Chg.	2025	2024	% Chg.
Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation:						
Net profit (Loss)	(8,587)	27,871	n/a	15,693	160,396	-90.2%
(+) Depreciation and amortization	25,344	23,552	7.6%	61,314	61,598	-0.5%
(+) Tax on debits and credits to bank accounts	2,235	2,399	-6.8%	6,473	6,710	-3.5%
(+) Income tax expense	(4,190)	19,802	n/a	6,856	98,353	-93.0%
(+) Financial interest, net	16,725	12,856	30.1%	32,024	62,992	-49.2%
(+) Exchange rate differences, net	29,811	12,609	136.4%	64,892	40,383	60.7%
(+) Other financial expenses, net	747	3,397	-78.0%	4,694	21,649	-78.3%
(+) Gain on net monetary position	(18,550)	(45,462)	-59.2%	(65,195)	(293,039)	-77.8%
Adjusted EBITDA	43,536	57,024	-23.7%	126,751	159,042	-20.3%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	20.8%	24.0%	-315 bps	21.9%	24.8%	-289 bps

Adjusted EBITDA decreased by 23.7% year-over-year in 3Q25, totaling Ps. 43,536 million compared to Ps. 57,024 million in the same period of the previous year. This performance was primarily driven by the weaker results of the Cement business, followed by the other segments.

As a result, the **Adjusted EBITDA margin** contracted by 315 basis points to 20.8% in 3Q25 from 24.0% in 3Q24. On a sequential basis, the margin decreased by only 40 basis points from 21.2% in the previous quarter, despite the impact of seasonal costs.

In particular, the Adjusted EBITDA margin of the Cement, Masonry, and Lime segment contracted by 129 basis points to 24.2%. This contraction was mainly explained by softer pricing performance which, despite showing an improved sequential trend, still lags on a year-over-year basis. These effects were partially offset by cost efficiencies — mainly in maintenance and energy inputs — and lower expenses.

Meanwhile, the Concrete segment's Adjusted EBITDA margin contracted by 1,096 basis points to -6.8% in 3Q25, from 4.2% in 3Q24, as cost controls and higher volumes were not sufficient to offset the impact of softer pricing dynamics in a highly competitive environment.

The Adjusted EBITDA margin of the Aggregates segment improved by 36 basis points to -16.7% in 3Q25, from -17.0% in 3Q24. Although volumes continued to improve during the quarter, the persistent market challenges and an unfavorable product mix continued to weigh on the segment's profitability.

Regarding the Railroad segment, the Adjusted EBITDA margin contracted by 920 basis points to 3.4% in 3Q25, from 12.6% in 3Q24. Transported volumes showed a slight improvement, mainly driven by higher shipments of granitic aggregates. However, the disruption of the railway line in Bahía Blanca continued to affect longer-haul traffic—primarily grains, gypsum, and frac sand—reducing ton-kilometers transported and, consequently, revenue generation. These impacts were partially offset by cost reductions.

Finance Costs-Net

Table 5: Finance Gain (Cost), net

	Three-months ended September 30,			Nine-months ended September 30,		
	2025	2024	% Chg.	2025	2024	% Chg.
Exchange rate differences	(29,811)	(12,609)	136.4%	(64,892)	(40,383)	60.7%
Financial income	1,383	747	85.0%	2,586	1,521	70.0%
Financial expense	(18,855)	(17,000)	10.9%	(39,303)	(86,162)	-54.4%
Gain on net monetary position	18,550	45,462	-59.2%	65,195	293,039	-77.8%
Total Finance Gain (Cost), Net	(28,733)	16,600	n/a	(36,415)	168,014	n/a

During 3Q25, the Company reported a **total Net Financial Cost** of Ps. 28,733 million, from a gain of Ps. 16,600 recorded in 3Q24. This year-over-year decline was mainly attributable to a lower gain on the net monetary position, as the inflationary effect on monetary liabilities moderated considerably compared to the same period last year, and to a higher impact from exchange rate differences resulting from the devaluation of the peso in the period.

Meanwhile, Net Financial expense increased by 7.5% year-over-year, to Ps. 17,472 million, mainly due to higher interest rates in pesos during the period.

Net Profit and Net Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company

The Company reported a **Net Loss** of Ps. 8.6 billion in 3Q25, compared to a Net Profit of Ps. 27.9 billion in the same period of the previous year. The decline was mainly driven by a lower financial result (net), reflecting a more moderate inflationary effect, coupled with lower operational performance. However, the decrease was partially offset by lower income tax expenses.

Net Loss Attributable to Owners of the Company stood at Ps. 8.5 billion. During the quarter, the Company reported a loss per common share of Ps. 14.5122 and an ADR loss of Ps. 72.5612, compared to a gain per common share of Ps. 47.2609 and a gain per ADR of Ps. 236.3044 in 3Q24.

Capitalization

Table 6: Capitalization and Debt Ratio

(amounts expressed in millions of pesos, unless otherwise noted)

(arrivaries expressed in millions of pesses) a		<u>., </u>	
	As of Septem	As of December, 31	
	2025	2024	2024
Total Debt	396,740	244,550	208,442
- Short-Term Debt	241,364	66,381	122,796
- Long-Term Debt	155,376	178,169	85,646
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	(115,222)	(18,075)	(10,432)
Total Net Debt	281,519	226,475	198,010
Shareholder's Equity	983,034	941,636	967,341
Capitalization	1,379,774	1,186,186	1,175,783
LTM Adjusted EBITDA	188,532	219,275	222,963
Net Debt /LTM Adjusted EBITDA	1.49x	1.03x	0.89x

As of September 30, 2025, total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments were Ps. 115,222 million compared with Ps. 18,075 million as of September 30, 2024. Total debt at the close of the quarter stood at Ps. 396,740 million, composed by Ps. 241,364 million in short-term borrowings, including the current portion of long-term borrowings (or 61% of total borrowings), and Ps. 155,376 million in long-term borrowings (or 39% of total borrowings). At the close of the third quarter of 2025, 81% (or Ps. 319,735 million) of Loma Negra's total debt was denominated in U.S. dollars, and 19% (or Ps. 77,005 million) was in Pesos.

As of September 30, 2025, 18% of the Company's consolidated loans accrued interest at a variable rate, primarily based on the short-term market rate in pesos, as it is debt in local currency. The remaining 82% accrue interest at a fixed rate.

By the end of the quarter, the average duration of Loma Negra's total debt was $0.9\ \text{years}.$

The Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA (LTM) ratio stood at 1.49x as of the end of the third quarter, up from 0.89x as of December 31, 2024.

In July, the Company issued its Class 5 corporate bond for US\$113 million with a two-year tenor. The proceeds will be used to cancel the outstanding of Class 2 bond maturing in December, along with other short-term debt. With this issuance, the Company increased the average duration of its debt and maintains a well-balanced maturity profile.

Cash Flows

Table 7: Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(amounts expressed in millions of pesos, unless otherwise noted)

(amounts expressed in minions of pesos, unless otherwise noted)	Three-months ended September 30,		end	months ided nber 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net Profit (Loss)	(8,587)	27,871	15,693	160,396	
Adjustments to reconcile net profit (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	48,613	22,632	97,076	(27,359)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(8,089)	33,256	(105,922)	(39,193)	
Net cash generated by (used in) operating activities	31,937	83,758	6,847	93,844	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from disposal of Yguazú Cementos S.A.	1,347	-	1,347	-	
Property, plant and equipment, Intangible Assets, net	(14,595)	(22,983)	(46,163)	(61,931)	
Contributions to Trust	(410)	(244)	(1,108)	(839)	
Investments, net	(48,285)	-	(48,285)	-	
Net cash used in investing activities	(61,943)	(23,227)	(94,209)	(62,770)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds / Repayments from borrowings, Interest paid	74,283	(45,808)	139,424	(20,097)	
Dividends paid	(2)	-	(2)	-	
Share repurchase plan	-	-	-	(725)	
Net cash generated by (used in) by financing activities	74,281	(45,808)	139,421	(20,823)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	44,275	14,723	52,059	10,251	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	16,843	17,886	10,432	17,886	
Effect of the re-expression in homogeneous cash currency ("Inflation-Adjusted")	(5,083)	(1,335)	(7,313)	(10,781)	
Effects of the exchange rate differences on cash and cash equivalents in foreign currency	10,664	137	11,521	719	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	66,699	31,410	66,699	18,075	

In 3Q25, net cash generated from operating activities totaled Ps. 31,937 million, compared to Ps. 83,758 million in the same period of the previous year. This reflected higher working capital requirements and a lower operating result. Regarding working capital, economic uncertainties during the quarter and the higher interest rate environment increased working capital needs, coupled with higher income tax payments, as the Company did not make advance income tax payments during 2024. On the other hand, inventories decreased during the quarter due to seasonality, given that clinker production is minimized during the winter months while inventory consumption increases.

During the quarter, the Company generated Ps. 74,281 million in cash from financing activities, mainly driven by the issuance of the Class 5 bond, net of debt repayments and interest payments. Additionally, Ps. 61,943 million were used in investing activities, primarily due to the short-term allocation of the proceeds from the Class 5 bond issuance. On the other hand, CAPEX decreased following the completion of the 25-kilogram bagging project.

3Q25 Earnings Conference Call

When: 10:00 a.m. U.S. ET (12:00 noon BAT), November 7, 2025

Dial-in: 0800-444-2930(Argentina), 1-833-255-2824(U.S.), 1-866-605-3852(Canada), 1-412-902-6701 (International)

Password: Loma Negra Call

Webcast: https://event.choruscall.com/mediaframe/webcast.html?webcastid=NUvgD7UB

Replay: A telephone replay of the conference call will be available until November 14, 2025. The replay can be accessed by dialing 1-877-344-7529 (U.S. toll free), or 1-412-317-0088 (International). The passcode for the replay is 9392553. The audio of the conference call will also be archived on the Company's website at www.lomanegra.com

Definitions

Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as net profit plus financial interest, net plus income tax expense plus depreciation and amortization plus exchange rate differences plus other financial expenses, net plus tax on debits and credits to bank accounts, plus share of loss of associates, plus net Impairment of Property, plant and equipment, and less income from discontinued operation. Loma Negra believes that excluding tax on debits and credits to bank accounts from its calculation of Adjusted EBITDA is a better measure of operating performance when compared to other international players.

Net Debt is calculated as borrowings less cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments.

About Loma Negra

Founded in 1926, Loma Negra is the leading cement company in Argentina, producing and distributing cement, masonry cement, aggregates, concrete and lime, products primarily used in private and public construction. Loma Negra is a vertically-integrated cement and concrete company, with nationwide operations, supported by vast limestone reserves, strategically located plants, top-of-mind brands and established distribution channels. Loma Negra is listed both on BYMA and on NYSE in the U.S., where it trades under the symbol "LOMA". One ADS represents five (5) common shares. For more information, visit www.lomanegra.com.

Note

The Company presented some figures converted from Pesos to U.S. dollars for comparison purposes. The exchange rate used to convert Pesos to U.S. dollars was the reference exchange rate (Communication "A" 3500) reported by the Central Bank for U.S. dollars. The information presented in U.S. dollars is for the convenience of the reader only. Certain figures included in this report have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, figures shown as totals in certain tables may not be arithmetic aggregations of the figures presented in previous quarters. Rounding: We have made rounding adjustments to reach some of the figures included in this report. As a result, numerical figures shown as totals in some tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures that preceded them.

Disclaimer

This release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of federal securities law that are subject to risks and uncertainties. These statements are only predictions based upon our current expectations and projections about possible or assumed future results of our business, financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, plans and objectives. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "believe," "may," "estimate," "continue," "anticipate," "intend," "should," "plan," "expect," "predict," "potential," "seek," "forecast," or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions. The forward-looking statements are based on the information currently available to us. There are important factors that could cause our actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from the results, level of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, including, among others things: changes in general economic, political, governmental and business conditions globally and in Argentina, changes in inflation rates, fluctuations in the exchange rate of the peso, the level of construction generally, changes in cement demand and prices, changes in raw material and energy prices, changes in business strategy and various other factors. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Although we believe in good faith that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Although we believe in good faith that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or will occur. Any or all of Loma Negra's forward-looking statements in this release may turn out to be wrong. You should consider these forward-looking statements in this release may turn out to be wrong. You should consider these forward-looking statements in the prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 31,

IR Contacts

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Table 8: Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(amounts expressed in millions of pesos, unless otherwise not	As of September 30,	As of December, 31
ASSETS	2025	2024
Non-current assets		
	1,272,919	1,285,766
Property, plant and equipment		
Right to use assets Intangible assets	3,213 6,332	3,874 3,534
Investments		
Goodwill	844	844
Inventories	98,451	81,677
Other receivables	1,765	7,628
Other receivables Other assets	403	830
Total non-current assets	1,384,012	1,384,237
Current assets	-,,	_,
Inventories	233,654	246,084
Other receivables	40,954	16,870
Trade accounts receivable	74,297	60,067
Investments	103,844	706
Cash and banks	11,377	9,727
Total current assets	464,126	333,453
TOTAL ASSETS	1,848,138	1,717,690
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Capital stock and other capital related accounts	322,487	322,487
Reserves	645,125	457,529
Retained earnings	16,076	187,596
Equity attributable to the owners of the Company	983,688	967,612
Non-controlling interests	(655)	(271)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	983,034	967,341
LIABILITIES		·
Non-current liabilities		
Borrowings	155,376	85,646
Provisions	14,486	13,710
Salaries and social security payables	1,273	1,840
Debts for leases	1,541	2,193
Other liabilities	1,197	1,232
Deferred tax liabilities	315,673	319,076
Total non-current liabilities	489,546	423,698
Current liabilities		
Borrowings	241,364	122,796
Accounts payable	92,594	114,149
Advances from customers	8,989	7,819
Salaries and social security payables	16,480	21,844
Tax liabilities	12,762	57,135
Debts for leases	2,023	1,693
Other liabilities	1,345	1,215
Total current liabilities	375,558	326,651
TOTAL LIABILITIES	865,104	750,349
TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,848,138	1,717,690

Table 9: Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

(uniounts expressed in millions of pesos, unless oth	or mee meedy					
	Three-months ended September 30,			Nine-months ended September 30,		
	2025	2024	% Change	2025	2024	% Change
Net revenue	209,272	238,067	-12.1%	577,483	640,330	-9.8%
Cost of sales	(173,012)	(184,343)	-6.1%	(455,045)	(481,472)	-5.5%
Gross Profit	36,261	53,723	-32.5%	122,438	158,859	-22.9%
Selling and administrative expenses	(19,282)	(21,830)	-11.7%	(60,448)	(63,823)	-5.3%
Other gains and losses	1,212	1,579	-23.2%	3,446	2,408	43.1%
Tax on debits and credits to bank accounts	(2,235)	(2,399)	-6.8%	(6,473)	(6,710)	-3.5%
Finance gain (cost), net						
Gain on net monetary position	18,550	45,462	-59.2%	65,195	293,039	-77.8%
Exchange rate differences	(29,811)	(12,609)	136.4%	(64,892)	(40,383)	60.7%
Financial income	1,383	747	85.0%	2,586	1,521	70.0%
Financial expenses	(18,855)	(17,000)	10.9%	(39,303)	(86,162)	-54.4%
Profit (loss) before taxes	(12,777)	47,673	n/a	22,549	258,748	-91.3%
Income tax expense						
Current	2,853	(17,988)	n/a	(10,259)	(68,383)	-85.0%
Deferred	1,337	(1,814)	n/a	3,402	(29,970)	n/a
Net Profit (Loss)	(8,587)	27,871	n/a	15,693	160,396	-90.2%
Net Profit (Loss) for the period attributable to:						
Owners of the Company	(8,468)	27,576	n/a	16,076	160,255	-90.0%
Non-controlling interests	(119)	295	n/a	(384)	141	n/a
NET PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	(8,587)	27,871	n/a	15,693	160,396	-90.2%
Earnings per share (basic and diluted):	(14.5122)	47.2609	n/a	27.5526	274.6532	-90.0%

Table 10: Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(umounts expressed in millions of pesos, unless otherwise noted)	Three-mont		Nine-mont Septeml	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Profit (Loss)	(8,587)	27,871	15,693	160,396
Adjustments to reconcile net profit to net cash provided by				
operating activities	(4.100)	10.002	6 056	00 252
Income tax expense Depreciation and amortization	(4,190) 25,344	19,802 23,552	6,856 61,314	98,353 61,598
Provisions	2,182	335	4,857	4,603
Exchange rate differences	27,922	11,145	58,218	37,311
Interest expense	16,737	13,364	32,208	63,710
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(421)	(553)	(541)	(1,255)
Gain on net monetary position	(18,550)	(45,462)	(65,195)	(293,039)
Impairment of trust fund	(411)	244	(641)	839
Share-based payment	-	204	-	519
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	14.021	16 722	(2 555)	(20.762)
Inventories Other receivables	14,831 (21,307)	16,733 (4,103)	(3,555) (22,328)	(30,763) 13,090
Trade accounts receivable	(15,732)	(7,633)	(28,162)	(48,717)
Advances from customers	2,217	2,670	2,357	(2,146)
Accounts payable	6,375	23,637	(4,082)	39,595
Salaries and social security payables	2,598	3,687	(2,065)	7,059
Provisions	(381)	(417)	(1,358)	(993)
Tax liabilities	17,556	1,177	21,266	(1,955)
Other liabilities	119	(367)	464	(4,645)
Income tax paid	(14,364)	(2,129)	(68,460)	(9,719)
Net cash generated by (used in) operating activities	31,937	83,758	6,847	93,844
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from disposal of Yguazú Cementos S.A.	1,347	-	1,347	
Proceeds from disposal of Property, plant and equipment	247	829	870	1,567
Payments to acquire Property, plant and equipment	(13,175)	(23,625)	(43,158)	(63,073)
Payments to acquire Intangible Assets	(1,667)	(187)	(3,875)	(425)
Proceeds from maturity investments	(48,285)	(107)	(48,285)	(123)
Contributions to Trust	(410)	(244)	(1,108)	(839)
Net cash generated by (used in) investing activities	(61,943)	(23,227)	(94,209)	(62, 770)
Net cash generated by (used in) investing activities	(01,943)	(23,227)	(94,209)	(02,770)
CASU ELOWO EDOM ETNANCINO ACTIVITATO				
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from non-convertible negotiable obligations	110,875	-	110,875	-
Proceeds from borrowings	67,753	86,183	187,410	379,236
Interest paid	(10,825)	(13,870)	(25,751)	(67,583)
Dividends paid	(2)	-	(2)	-
Debts for leases	(556)	(429)	(1,561)	(1,627)
Repayment of borrowings	(92,964)	(117,692)	(131,549)	(330,123)
Share repurchase plan	(92,904)	(117,032)	(131,349)	(725)
Net cash generated by (used in) financing activities	74,281	(45,808)	139,421	(20,823)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	44,275	14,723	52,059	10,251
·				
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	16,843	17,886	10,432	17,886
Effect of the re-expression in homogeneous cash currency ("Inflation-Adjusted")	(5,083)	(1,335)	(7,313)	(10,781)
Effects of the exchange rate differences on cash and cash equivalents in foreign currency	10,664	137	11,521	719
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	66,699	31,410	66,699	18,075

Table 11: Financial Data by Segment (figures exclude the impact of IAS 29) (amounts expressed in millions of pesos, unless otherwise noted)

(amounts expressed in millions of	Three-months ended				N	ine-mon	ths ended	
	September 30,				Nine-months ended September 30,			
	2025	%	2024	%	2025	%	2024	%
Net revenue	205,185	100.0%	174,172	100.0%	534,746	100.0%	407,229	100.0%
Cement, masonry cement and	200,200	1001070	_, .,_,_	1001070	55 :,7 :5	1001070	.07,225	1001070
lime	179,000	87.2%	153,962	88.4%	466,474	87.2%	361,440	88.8%
Concrete	18,971	9.2%	14,101	8.1%	47,297	8.8%	32,714	8.0%
Railroad	18,917	9.2%	16,606	9.5%	49,414	9.2%	37,626	9.2%
Aggregates	5,329	2.6%	4,002	2.3%	14,085	2.6%	10,053	2.5%
Others	2,601	1.3%	1,864	1.1%	7,136	1.3%	3,893	1.0%
Eliminations	(19,633)	-9.6%	(16,364)	-9.4%	(49,661)	-9.3%	(38,497)	-9.5%
Cost of sales	144,887	100.0%	110,611	100.0%	365,323	100.0%	244,738	100.0%
Cement, masonry cement and	•				•		,	
lime	120,441	83.1%	95,182	86.1%	298,810	81.8%	206,245	84.3%
Concrete	19,353	13.4%	13,087	11.8%	48,838	13.4%	31,682	12.9%
Railroad	17,629	12.2%	13,343	12.1%	47,886	13.1%	32,814	13.4%
Aggregates	5,919	4.1%	4,364	3.9%	16,311	4.5%	10,357	4.2%
Others	1,178	0.8%	999	0.9%	3,138	0.9%	2,138	0.9%
Eliminations	(19,633)	-13.6%	(16,364)	-14.8%	(49,661)	-13.6%	(38,497)	-15.7%
Selling, admin. expenses and	16,577	100.0%		100.0%	49,054	100.0%	35,208	100.0%
other gains & losses	10,377	100.070	13,302	100.070	45,054	100.070	33,200	100.070
Cement, masonry cement and	1 4 472	07.20/	11.077	00.00/	42.440	00.60/	24.052	00 50/
lime	14,472	87.3%	11,977	90.0%	43,448	88.6%	31,852	90.5%
Concrete	794	4.8%	298	2.2%	2,055	4.2%	1,065	3.0%
Railroad	845	5.1%	668	5.0%	2,027	4.1%	1,302	3.7%
Aggregates	69	0.4%	44	0.3%	162	0.3%	108	0.3%
Others	397	2.4%	316	2.4%	1,363	2.8%	881	2.5%
Depreciation and amortization	3,976	100.0%	1,761	100.0%	8,741	100.0%	4,271	100.0%
Cement, masonry cement and	2.062	77.40/	4 277	70.20/	6 570	75.20/	2.002	72.20/
lime	3,063	77.1%	1,377	78.2%	6,570	75.2%	3,083	72.2%
Concrete	110	2.8%	56	3.2%	299	3.4%	160	3.7%
Railroad	501	12.6%	244	13.9%	999	11.4%	804	18.8%
Aggregates	293	7.4%	82	4.7%	855	9.8%	220	5.1%
Others	9	0.2%	1	0.1%	18	0.2%	4	0.1%
Adjusted EBITDA	47,697	100.0%	52,019	100.0%	129,110	100.0%	131,554	100.0%
Cement, masonry cement and	47 151	00.00/	40 100	02.60/	130,786	101 20/	126 426	96.1%
lime Concrete	47,151	98.9% -2.2%	48,180	92.6%	•	101.3%	126,426 127	
Railroad	(1,066) 944	-2.2% 2.0%	773	1.5% 5.5%	(3,296) 500	-2.6%		0.1% 3.3%
			2,839			0.4%	4,314	-0.1%
Aggregates Others	(366) 1,035	-0.8% 2.2%	(324) 551	-0.6% 1.1%	(1,533) 2,653	-1.2% 2.1%	(193) 879	0.7%
Reconciling items:	1,033	2.2 /0	331	1.1 /0	2,033	2.1 /0	073	0.7 70
Effect by translation in								
homogeneous cash currency								
("Inflation-Adjusted")	(4,162)		5,005		(2,360)		27,488	
Depreciation and amortization	(25,344)		(23,552)		(61,314)		(61,598)	
Tax on debits and credits								
banks accounts	(2,235)		(2,399)		(6,473)		(6,710)	
Finance gain (cost), net	(28,733)		16,600		(36,415)		168,014	
Transparation	4,190		(19,802)		(6,856)		(98,353)	
Income tax NET PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE	1,150		(13,002)		(-,,			